Focus on Water Availability



Water Resources Program

Revised August 2012

Kettle Watershed, WRIA 60

This focus sheet provides information on the availability of water for new uses in the Kettle Watershed. This information provides a starting point for potential water users in determining the best strategies for securing water for a future project or proposal in this area.

The Kettle Watershed located in northeastern Washington includes the Kettle River and its numerous tributary creeks and streams. The Kettle River originates in the mountains of Canada and Washington. In addition, Curlew Creek a tributary to the Sanpoil River is located within this Watershed. The annual precipitation in the Kettle Watershed ranges from 14 inches per year near Curlew State Park to 40 inches in the higher elevation mountainous area. Only a fraction of this precipitation becomes groundwater available for human and economic uses. Most of the precipitation arrives during the winter months, when water demands are the lowest. During the summer, the snowpack is gone, there is little rain, and naturally, low stream flows are dependent on groundwater inflow. This means that groundwater and surface water are least available when water demands are the highest.

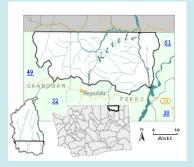
Much of the water in the Kettle River Watershed has already been spoken for. Increased demands from population growth, declining groundwater levels, and impacts from climate change are adding to the challenge of finding new water supplies in WRIA 60, especially during the summer months.

The Department of Ecology has put together this document to describe factors that affect water availability in your watershed, and to tell you about some options you may have to get the water you need.

Factors affecting water availability

In 2004, the U.S. Bureau of Reclamation filed notice with the Department of Ecology that the United States intends to make examinations and surveys for the utilization of the unappropriated waters of the Columbia River and its tributaries above Priest Rapids Dam, pursuant to Section 90.40.030 of the Revised Code of Washington

MORE INFORMATION



Definitions

Adjudication: A legal process conducted through a superior court to determine the extent and validity of existing water rights.

Mitigation plan: A scientifically-sound plan to offset the impacts of a proposed water use.

Surface water source limitation: A recommendation from the Department of Fish and Wildlife that flows be protected to maintain fish populations. See RCW 77.57.020

WRIA: Water Resources Inventory Area; also known as a watershed or river basin. For environmental administration and planning purposes, Washington is divided up into 62 major watersheds, or WRIAs.

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The withdrawal of these waters from future appropriations is currently in effect until December 23, 2014, with an exemption for a limited quantity of water. All new applications for surface water and groundwater connected to surface water, within WRIAs 58, 60, 61 and 62 are limited to a total of 38 cubic feet per second and 27,740 acre-feet per year. The withdrawal may be extended, and Ecology expects BOR to request an extension before the withdrawal expires.

Adjudications

Twin Creek and Myers Creek are two adjudications that have been completed within WRIA 60. The Twin Creek adjudication has specific regulation requirements for its described basin. In general, most of the water in this adjudicated basin has been appropriated and new appropriations are not available.

Groundwater

In general, availability and yield of groundwater from bedrock in this WRIA is very limited by climate and geology.

Surface Water

The Kettle River watershed has administrative restrictions known as Surface Water Source Limitations (SWSLs), which limit most water sources in the watershed. Groundwater connected to the surface sources are also subject to SWSL restrictions. Often these restrictions will require that new water uses stop during low flow periods. These restrictions indicate that most water has been appropriated within the watershed. In addition, Curlew Creek, Goosmus Creek, Lambert Creek, Little Goosmus Creek, Sand Creek, portions of Tonasket Creek, Toroda Creek, and Toulou Creek are "closed" by SWSL, meaning the water body is closed to new uses. In some situations, in house use and stockwater may be allowed from surface water in these closed sub-basins.

Water supply available for new uses

The Kettle River watershed is not closed to new water uses. However, the majority of water has been appropriated and new uses are subject to the above listed restrictions.

In some situations, surface water applications for single in–house domestic use or stockwatering may be approved if no alternate source of water supply is available and the proposed use will not impair existing water rights.

Sullivan Lake Water Supply Project is an impoundment / reservoir of the Pend Oreille watershed. The Office of Columbia River is currently pursuing development of water supplies on Sullivan Lake to benefit instream and out of stream uses through storage, conservation, and regional water management agreements.

The Lake Roosevelt Incremental Storage Release is an impoundment / reservoir of the Columbia River watershed. The Office of Columbia River is currently pursuing development of water supplies on Lake Roosevelt to benefit instream and out of stream uses through storage, conservation, and regional water management agreements. Water under this project, for new appropriations, is limited to municipal and industrial supply from the Columbia River main stream.

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The Office of Columbia River (OCR) is aggressively pursuing water supply development opportunities throughout the Columbia Basin. You can find additional information at the OCR Web site at: www.ecy.wa.gov/programs/wr/cwp/crwmp.html.

The groundwater permit exemption allows certain users of small quantities of ground water (most commonly, single residential well owners) to construct wells and develop their water supplies without obtaining a water right permit from Ecology. For more information about the groundwater permit exemption, refer to www.ecy.wa.gov/pubs/fwr92104.pdf.

The permit exemption may not be available to prospective water users in certain areas that have been closed to further appropriation because there is limited or no water available. Check with Ecology staff at the regional office for more information.

Additional options for more expedited processing of new or change applications include:

- Connecting to an established water supplier. This is the fastest and simplest option.
- Processing your change application through the Spokane or Stevens County Water Conservancy Board.
- Proposing mitigation to offset the impacts to surface water and groundwater.
- Processing your application through the Cost Reimbursement Program. Refer to www.ecy.wa.gov/pubs/0511016.pdf.

For more information on these and other options, refer to "Alternatives for Water Right Application Processing" www.ecy.wa.gov/pubs/1111067.pdf.

Pending water right applications in this watershed

Washington water law is based on the "prior appropriation" system, often called "first in time, first in right." Applications for water from the same source must be processed in the order they are received.

Ecology asks anyone who needs a water right (new, change, or transfer) to submit the pre-application consultation form and meet with us to review your water supply needs and project proposal.

- Apply for a New Water Right <u>http://www.ecy.wa.gov/programs/wr/rights/newrights.html</u>
- Apply to Change or Transfer a Water Right or Claim http://www.ecy.wa.gov/programs/wr/rights/change_transfer_use.html

The map in this document shows some of the factors that will be considered when evaluating water right permit applications. Here are some information sources to assist you with your research:

- Locate and research water rights on land parcels anywhere in the state (Water Resource Explorer) http://www.ecy.wa.gov/programs/wr/info/webmap.html
- Pending Water Right Applications by County http://www.ecy.wa.gov/programs/wr/rights/tracking-apps.html

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- Subscribe to a water right application RSS feed for a county or WRIA http://www.ecy.wa.gov/programs/wr/rights/wr_app_rss.html
- WRIA map showing the total number of water right claims, certificates, permits and applications http://www.ecy.wa.gov/programs/wr/rights/Images/pdf/waterright-wria-maps.pdf
- Search and view well reports using a variety of search tools https://fortress.wa.gov/ecy/waterresources/map/WCLSWebMap/default.aspx

For more information

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